

Revitalization of Livelihoods through Rice Cultivation as an Approach for Tropical Peatland Restoration

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Targeted Peatland Restoration Area

2.4 million ha will be restored:

- 684,637 ha in protected areas
- 1.4 million ha in concession areas
- 396,943 ha in other cultivation areas

875,000 ha burnt in2015

- 2.8 million ha are peat domes with man-made canals
- 6.2 million ha are intact peat domes
- 3.1 million ha are non-domed peatland, cultivated with canals

12.9 million ha are in 3 provinces in Sumatra, Kalimantan and Papua

Indonesian Peatlands

3,261,909 ha are in concession areas

- 2.87 million ha are formally protected areas
- 10. 05 million ha are cultivated areas

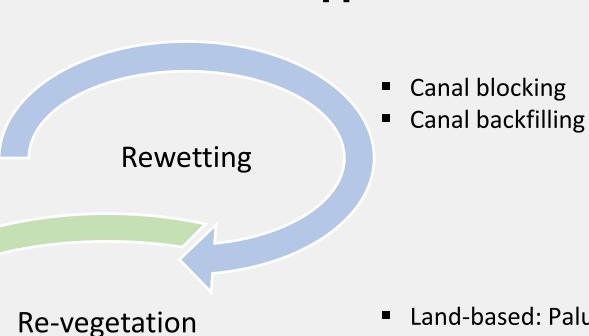
7 provinces

Source: Peatland Restoration Agency, 2017



1. South Sumatra; 2. Jambi; 3. Riau; 4. West Kalimantan; 5. Central Kalimantan; 6. South Kalimantan; 7. Papua

Peatland Restoration Approach



- Seedlings nurserySeedlings
- transplantation
- Natural regeneration

Revitalization of local livelihoods

- Land-based: Paludiculture (sago palm, jelutong, swamp taro, etc.)
- Water-based: Aqua culture, fisheries
- Environmental servicesbased: Ecotourism, carbon credit

Targeted Site for Rice Cultivation on Peatlands

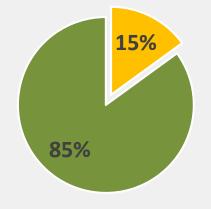


Sebangau Jaya Village, Sebangau Kuala Sub-district, Pulang Pisau District, Central Kalimantan Province

Village Profile

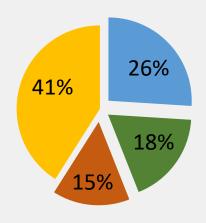
Village area = 3,970 ha

- Settlement area
- Cultivation area



Household number = 117

- Smallholder oil palm plantation
- Smallholder rubber plantation
- Rice cultivation
- Others



Cultivation Type	Production	Value
Rice cultivation (with burning)	2 tons/ha/rotation (4 months)	(Harvest dry grain) IDR 4,000,000/ha/rotation
Rice cultivation (without burning) without treatment	50kg/ha/rotation	(Harvest dry grain) IDR 100,000/ha/rotation
Oil palm plantation	600kg/ha/month	IDR 180,000/ha/month
Rubber plantation	100kg/ha/month	IDR 600,000/ha/month

Zero Burning Peatland Management for Rice Cultivation (without treatment)





- Peat depth: 50-100cm (shallow peat)
- pH = 4
- Area = 1 ha
- Production (without any treatment) = 50 kg/ha



Concept of Zero Burning Peatland Management for Rice Cultivation

	Rice Cultivation with Burning	Zero Burning Rice Cultivation (/with decomposer)
Methodology	Land clearing with burning	Land clearing done manually
	Using dolomite	Using decomposer
NPK fertilizer	\checkmark	\checkmark
Fertilizer application	Not well aorganized	Time arrangement
Peatland depth	Shallow peat/Peaty soil	Shallow peat/Peaty soil

1 Land Clearing









2

Land Management







3 Cultivation





Making a nursery

Transfer seedlings to land







Conditions after seedling are transferred to the land











































Harvesting (110 days after planting)







Good condition of rice grains



Not good condition of rice grains

- ✓ Production = 4.5 ton/ha (Harvest dry grain)
- ✓ If the activity is carried out in accordance with the SOP, the production is expected to reach 5.9 tons/ha (Harvest dry grain)







PLTB PADI DI DESA SEBANGAU JAYA KECAMATAN SEBANGAU KUALA

ABUPATEN : Pulang Pisau

KAWASAN : Pengembangan / PLTB Padi

IODITAS : Padi varietas Impara I dengan sistem penanaman BK gambut dan Pomi pupuk Bio Orga

Pengambilan sampel ubinan dilakukan di 4 (empat) titik dengan ukuran tiap titik sampel 2 m x 2 m = 4 m², hasil yang dineroleh tian titik adalah

- Titik 1 : 2.375 Kg

Titik 2 : 1,3 Kg

- Titik 3 : 1,7

- Titik 4 : 1,9 Kg

Sehingga diperoleh total = 7,275 Kg : 4

= 1,81 Kg x (10.000 : 4)

4,5 Ton/Ha GKP

Dari pengambilan 4 (empat) titik sampel terdapat 1 (satu) titik dengan hasil 2,375 Kg/ 4 m², artinya produksi 5,9 Ton/Ha GKP akan mampu ditingkatkan apabila beberapa kendala yang di hadapi pada pelaksanaan demplot PLTB ini mampu ditiasak, kendala yang dihadapi antara lalin :

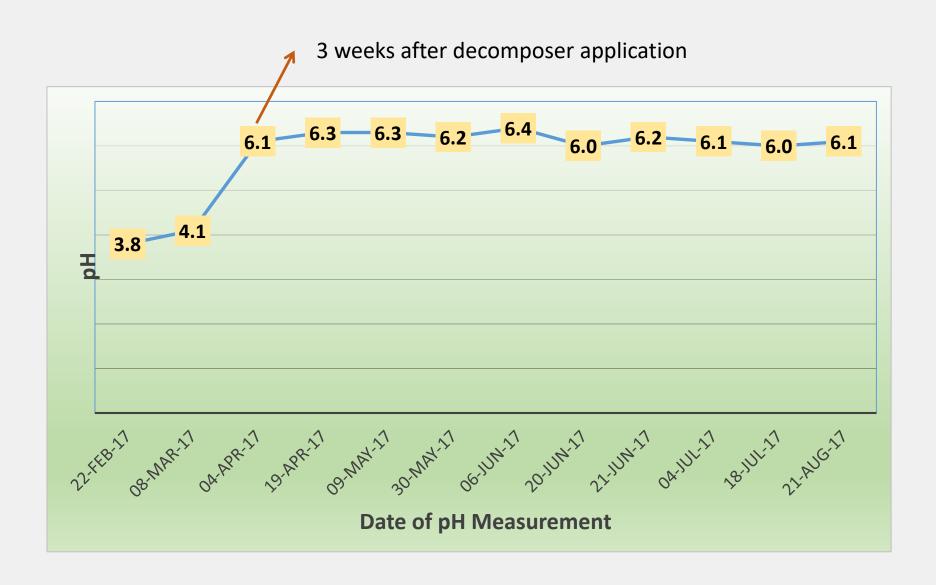
Musim tanam Asep rentan terhadap kekuranagan air.

- 2. Jadwal pemupukan mengalami keterlambatan akibat kekeringan (pompa air belum dipasang)
- Tingkat serangan hama tikus, penggerek batang pada musim tanam Asep cenderung tinggi dan lambat d antisipasi oleh petani pelaksana.
- Lokasi demplot yang dikelilingi oleh semak belukar menyebabkan serangan hama burung dan renta menurunkan hasil panen.

Demikian analisis hasil ubinan ini dibuat sebagai lampiran untuk dapat dipergunakan sebagai bahan pertimbangan.

Sebangau Kuala, 21 Agustus 2017





• 1 ha
• 4.5
tons/ha

• 10 ha • 6.5 tons/ha

2019 • x ha • ?

Cultivation Type	Average Production	Price per kg	Value per year
Rice cultivation (with decomposer)	6 tons/ha/rotation (once/year)	IDR 2,000	IDR 13,000,000/ha
Oil palm plantation	600kg/ha/month	IDR 300	IDR 2,160,000/ha
Rubber plantation	100kg/ha/month	IDR 6,000	IDR 7,200,000/ha

CHALLENGES

Canals on peatlands are prepared for plantations, not rice fields. Thus, irrigation infrastructure needs to be prepared so that rice cultivation can be implemented 2 times per year (potentially to increase production).

NEXT RESEARCH

