SOIL AND WATER IMPACTS OF REFORESTING FIRE-CLIMAX GRASSLAND ON LEYTE ISLAND (PHILIPPINES)

Jun Zhang

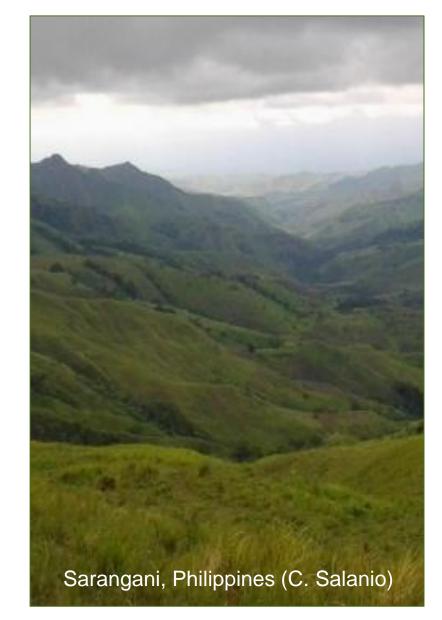
L. Adrian Bruijnzeel, Rogelio Tripoli and Ilja van Meerveld 26 February 2019

FLR Meeting, Manila, the Philippines

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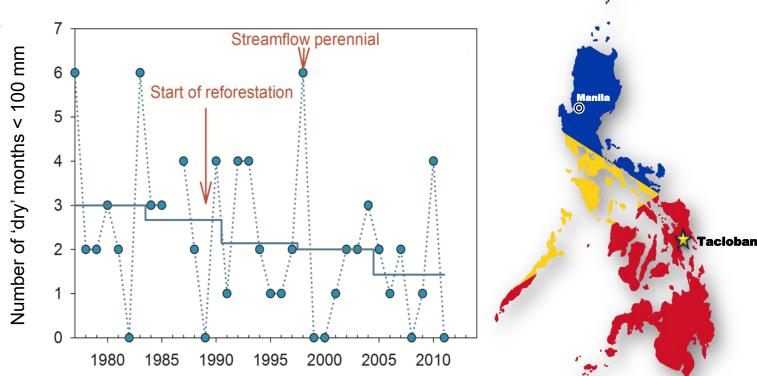
FIRE-CLIMAX GRASSLANDS AFTER REPEATED SLASH-AND-BURN: WIDESPREAD IN SOUTH-EAST ASIA

- □ Total area of Asian *Imperata* grassland estimated recently at 57 million ha and increasing?
- Associated with enhanced surface erosion, landslides, and flooding when grazed.
- Reforestation failures frequent due to fire, adverse soils, and social issues.
- □Net impact of reforesting *Imperata* grassland on streamflow regime unclear...



ANECDOTAL EVIDENCE: REFORESTATION IMPROVED LOW FLOWS IN LEYTE ISLAND, THE PHILIPPINES





BASPER GRASSLAND CATCHMENT

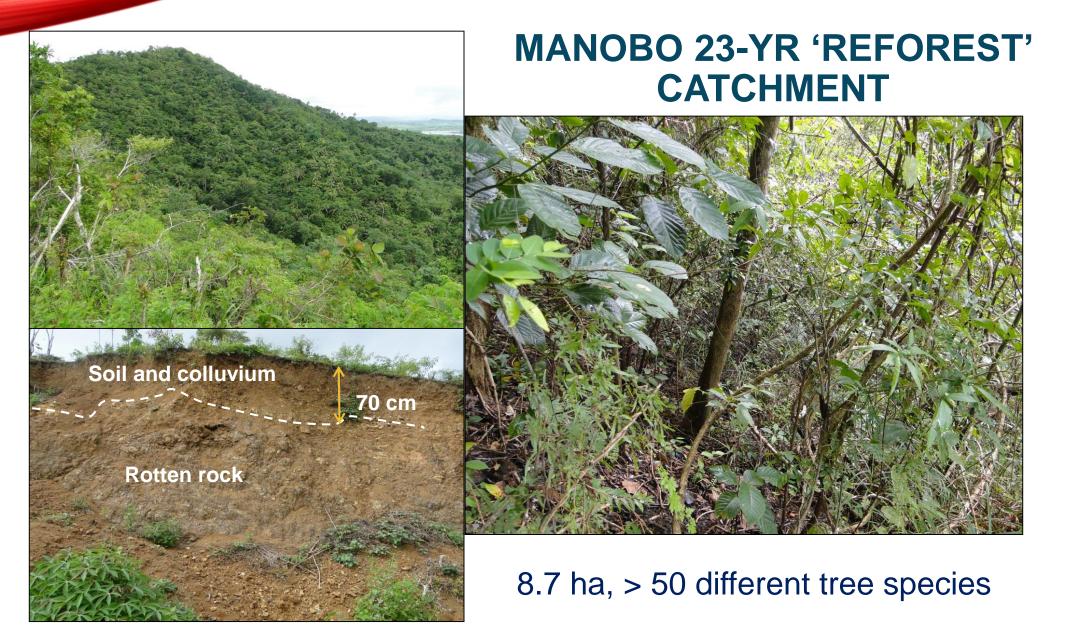
Catchment area 3.2 ha

□ No burning after 2003

□ Many landslip surfaces (1080 m²)



Steep landslip surfaces delivering 'direct' runoff and sediment to creek



ONE YEAR OF FIELD MONITORING (2013/6 – 2014/6)

Rainfall measurement & sampling

Throughfall, stemflow & LAI measurement

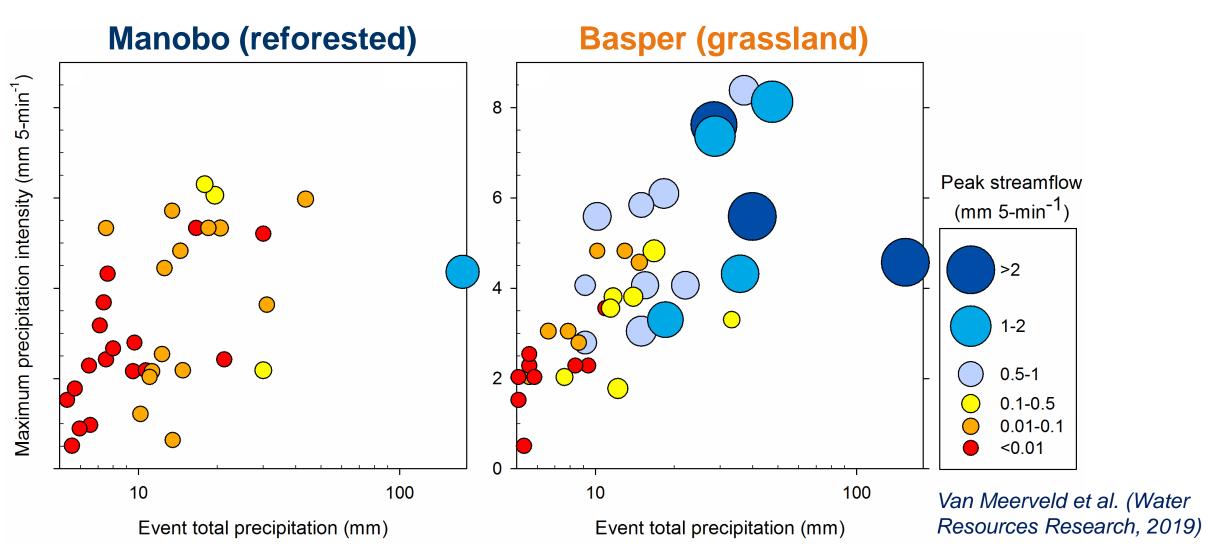




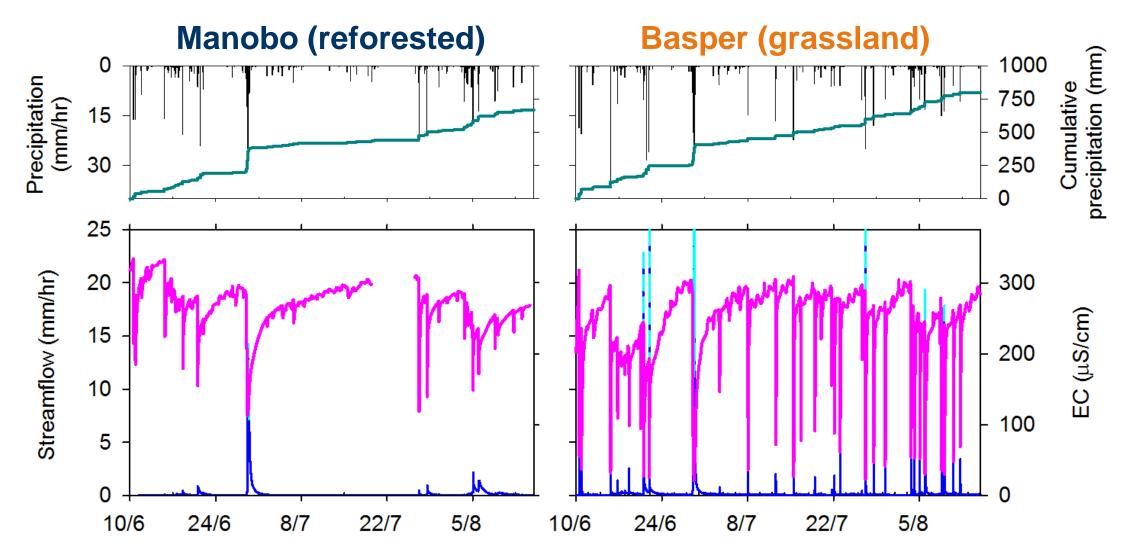
Streamflow & EC measurement, sediment sampling

Soil moisture measurement

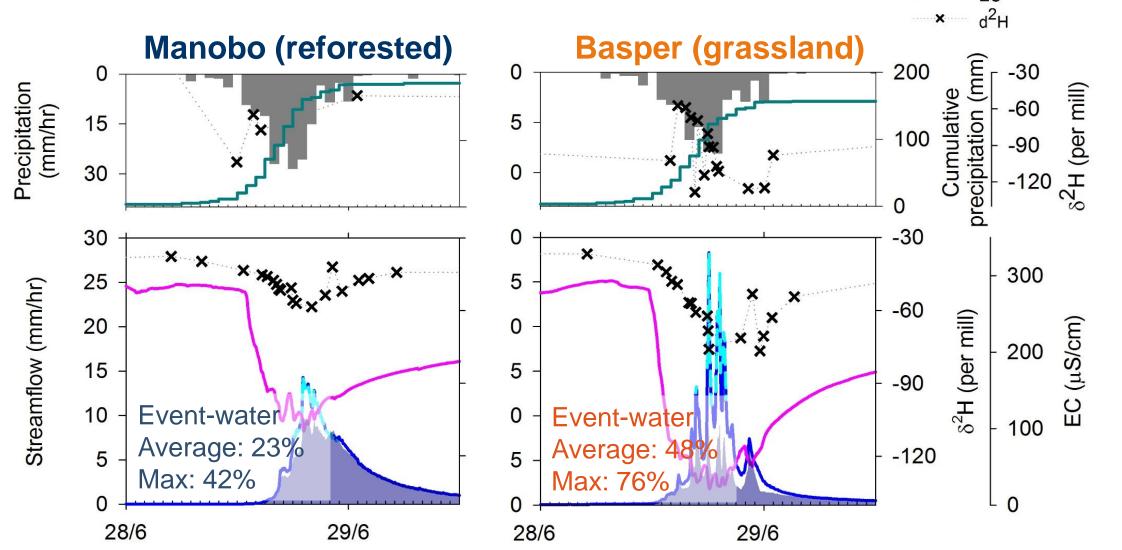
CONTRASTING PEAK STREAMFLOW RESPONSES TO RAINFALL



CONTRASTING STREAMFLOW AND CONDUCTIVITY RESPONSES TO RAINFALL



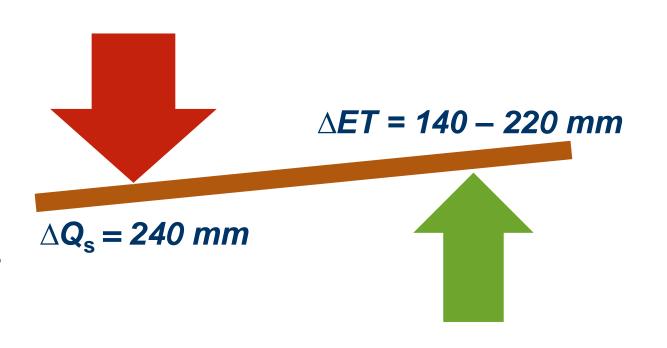
LARGE EVENTS (153-178 MM)



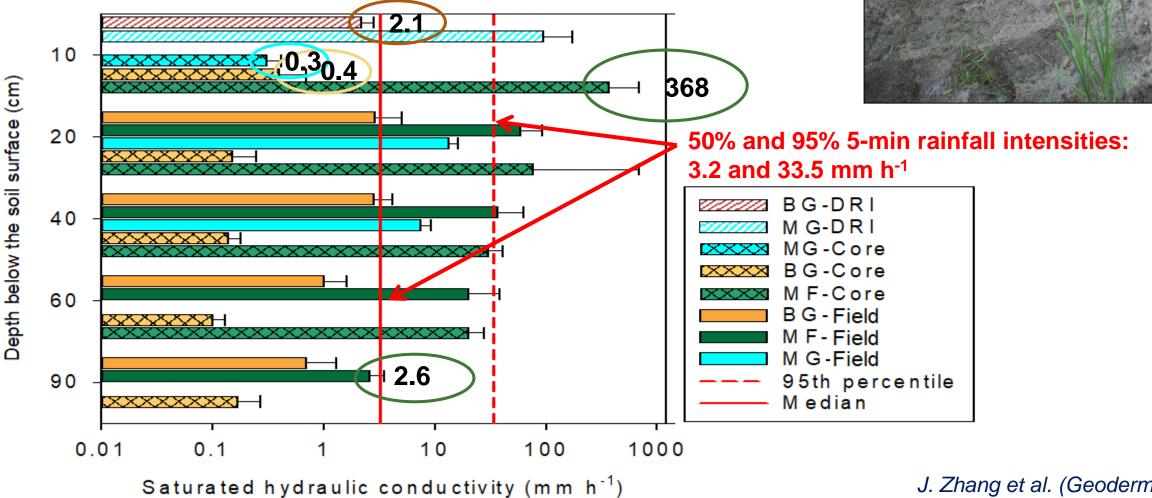
Streamflow
Uncertain streamflow
Pre-event water
EC

TENTATIVELY POSITIVE INFILTRATION TRADE-OFF 23 YEARS AFTER REFORESTATION

- Annual reduction in storm runoff after reforestation: *ca.* 240 mm/yr.
- But: extra water use by the reforest 140–220 mm/yr.
- Inferred net gain of 20–100 mm/yr, tentatively confirming local claim of improved baseflow after reforestation.
- What caused the large reduction in storm runoff after reforestation?



REFORESTED SOIL: HIGHER INFILTRATION



Overland flow on landslips in grassland

J. Zhang et al. (Geoderma, 2019)

SURFACE INFILTRATION AND LAND COVER ACROSS THE TROPICS

- Compared to other tropical studies, the Manobo result confirms other work, but the Basper result is excessively low.
- How do these results compare with other fire-climax grasslands, secondary forests and tree plantations across Leyte Island?

-og (K_{sat}) (mm h⁻¹) **Manobo = 368** 183 Basper = 0.4 to 2.1 OGF GP Y-Sec M-Sec Y-MP DF FCG M-MP

Pan-tropical surface soil K_{sat} overview

SOIL IMPROVEMENT ACROSS LEYTE: PLANTATIONS VS. SECONDARY FORESTS



- L-Grassland
- V-Gmelina
- L-Gmelina
- V-Mahogany
- L-Mahogany
- 💧 V-Acacia
- 💧 L-Acacia
- 🔅 V-Sec.forest
- L-Sec.forest

Tacloban City B7-P3 B7-P2 Ormos City B22-P1 B16 P1 B24-P1 B18-P1 B15-P1 B17-P1

B1991 B19-G2

> B3-P3 B3-P3 B4-P1B5-P1 B2-P1 ◆ B6-P1

> > Mérida San Jose Limestone -Mahogany-1995

Maasin-Lunus Limestone – mahogany & grassland

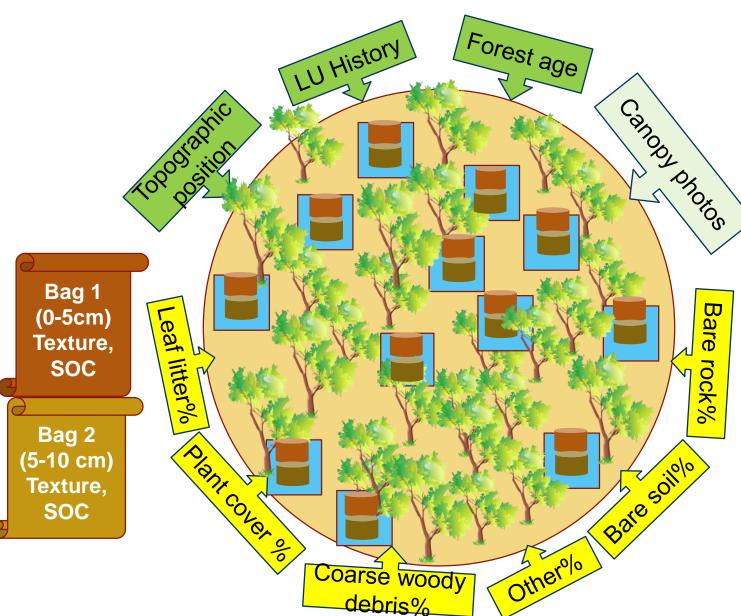
> Biliran Volcanic-Acacia & grassland

SOIL SAMPLING STRATEGY

15 Volcanic sites include: 5 LU: Grassland (GR), Sec. forest (SF), Gmelina (GP), Mahogany (MP) and Acacia plantations (AP) (3 replicates each)

13 Limestone sites include:5 LU: GR, SF, GP, MP and AP(3 replicates each, except AP)



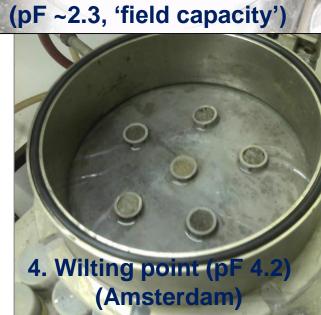


LABORATORY MEASUREMENTS: OVERVIEW





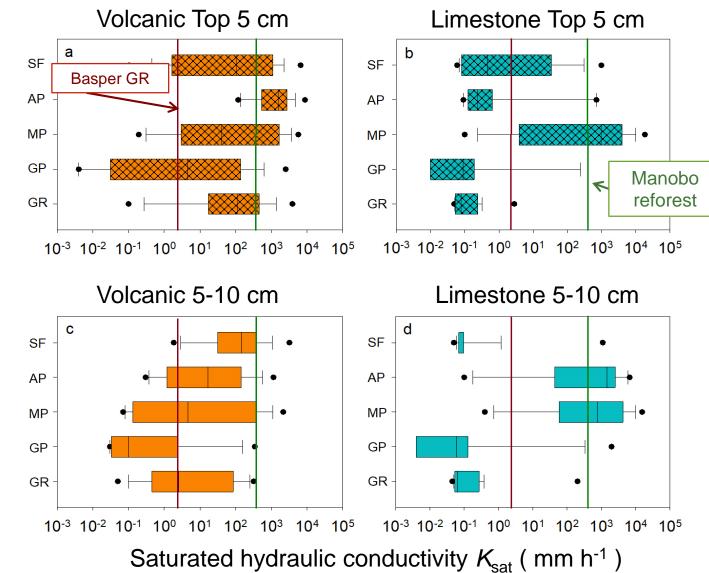




- Various simple techniques to demonstrate changes in soil water holding capacity and permeability.
- Soil texture, bulk density, organic carbon, etc.

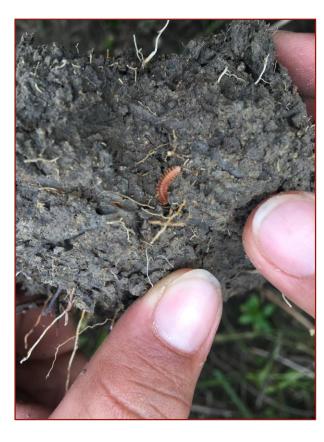
SATURATED HYDRAULIC CONDUCTIVITY

- K_{sat} of limestone soils lower, regardless of vegetation type, except for Mahogany (MP).
- *Grassland (GR) K*_{sat} improved after refo/regrowth, except for *Gmelina*.
- K_{sat} of Manobo refo higher than median value for Volcanic SF; Basper GR <75% Volcanic-GR but larger than GR on limestone.
- BUT, use of small soil cores may underestimate K_{sat} in clay soils (macropores!).



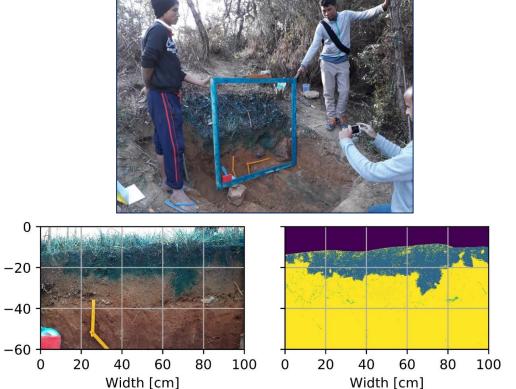
BLUE DYE INFILTRATION TO INVESTIGATE MACROPORE CONNECTIVITY

Basper soil, millipede



Depth [cm] -20-40-60

Blue dye testing, example from NE India



CONCLUSIONS

- Positive hydrological trade-off after reforesting *Imperata* due to greatly improved infiltration and a modest contrast in vegetation water use.
- Surface infiltration in Manobo reforest after 23 years higher than the 75thpercentile for semi-mature secondary forest across the tropics.
- Surface infiltration in Basper and Manobo Imperata grasslands lower than the 90th percentile for fire-climax grasslands across the tropics.
- Imperata grassland soils in the Philippines appear to have poor infiltration but causes incompletely understood (compaction? fire effect? low faunal activity?).
- Soil physical characterization required prior to refo to better assess future impacts on hydrological functioning!

THANK YOU! SALAMAT! XIE XIE NI!















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